

22 June 2017

Consumer credits in France March 2017

Further acceleration of consumer credit to individuals

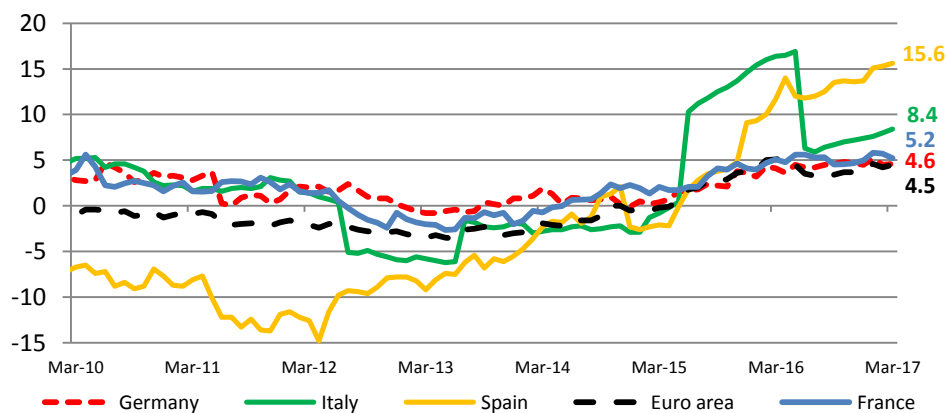
Consumer credit to individuals accelerates in France at +5.5% in March 2017, after +5.1% in December 2016. It is mainly driven by installment loans (+6.8%) and by leases (+23.5%). Conversely, revolving loans are still decreasing. Additionally, consumer credit to households increases at a higher pace in France than in the Euro area (+5.2% versus +4.5% at the end of March 2017). Finally, in France and Euro area, interest rates on installment loans and revolving loans are stable.

Changes in outstanding consumer credit to individuals

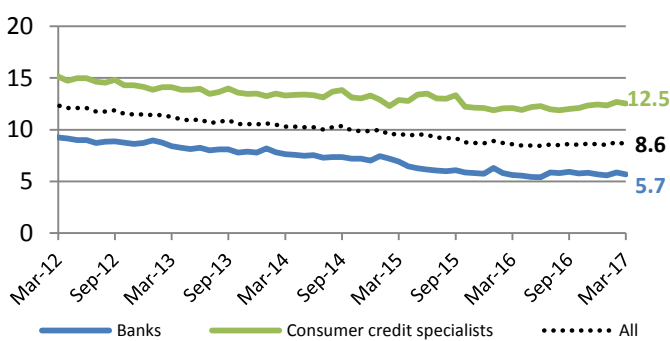
France, EUR billions, seasonally-adjusted	2015		2016		2017		Annual growth rate		
	Sep.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sep.	Dec.	Mar.	Dec. 2016	Mar. 2017
Total consumer credit to individuals	151.7	152.0	153.4	156.1	157.5	159.7	161.8	5.1%	5.5%
o/w Installment loans (including securitised loans)	104.6	104.8	105.6	107.7	109.8	111.8	112.8	6.7%	6.8%
Ordinary overdrafts	7.7	7.6	7.6	7.7	7.6	7.7	8.0	1.5%	5.5%
Revolving loans	20.0	19.8	19.8	19.7	19.7	19.6	19.4	-1.3%	-1.9%
Leases	6.6	7.1	7.7	8.4	8.3	9.2	9.4	29.5%	23.5%

Annual growth in consumer credit to households

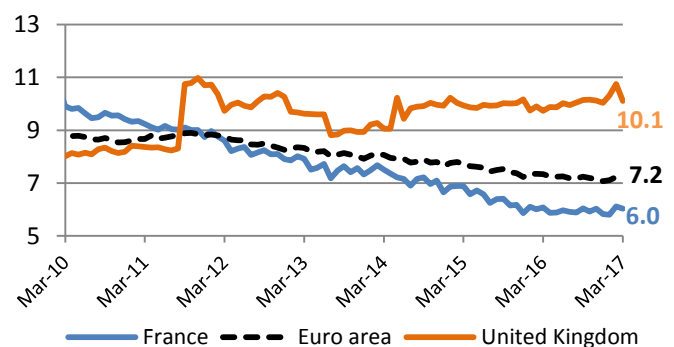
Annual growth rate in %, incl. securitized loans for France, excl. securitized loans for the other countries and the euro area



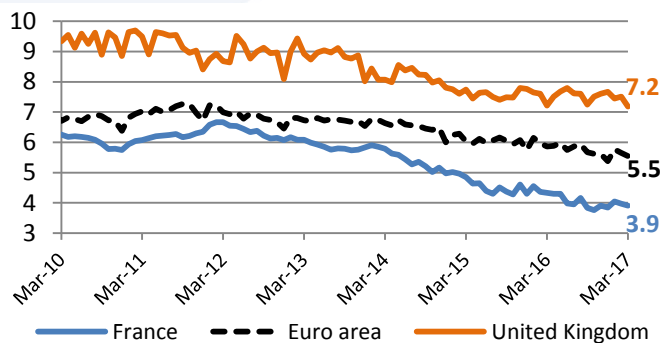
Interest rate (narrowly defined) on new revolving loans by type of credit institution France, %



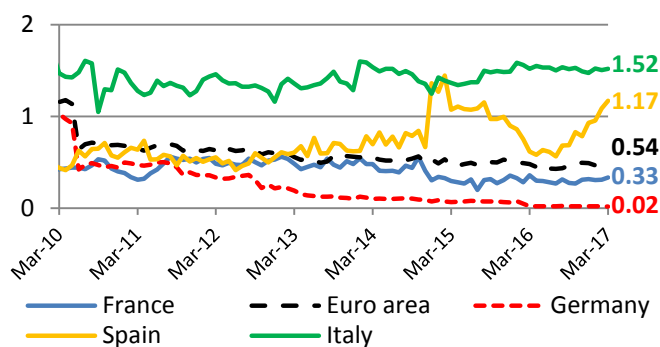
Interest rate (narrowly defined) on new revolving loans and overdrafts by country, %



Average interest rate (narrowly defined) on new installment loans, %



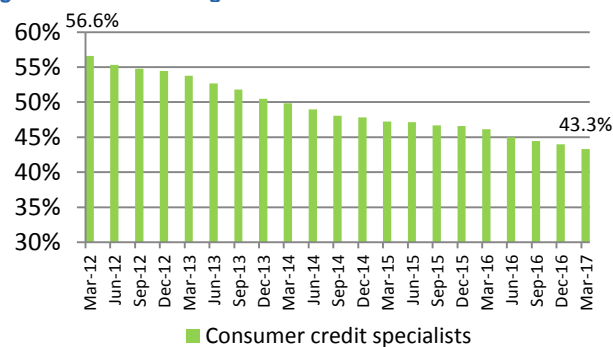
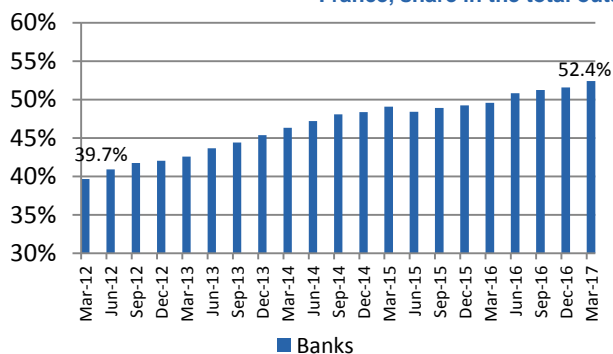
Average fees on new installment loans, %



Distribution channels of revolving loans

(excl. online banks and other types credit institutions)

France, share in the total outstanding amount of revolving credits



Additional information

The total outstanding amount of consumer credit to individuals includes the outstanding amount of securitised loans. Besides the specified or unspecified personal loans, the ordinary overdrafts and revolving loans, it includes installment loans, leases and credit card loans. Since December 2014, hire-purchase sales and specific-purpose personal loans are grouped together. These amounts are adjusted for seasonal variations.

Households consist of individuals and sole traders. Given that there are no European data solely on outstanding amounts of loans to individuals, the comparison of credit growth is made on the basis of households.

The average interest rates by country for revolving loans and overdrafts also include credit card loans and cover new loans to households and non-profit institutions serving households (NPISH).

The interest rates for installment loans to households and NPISH relates to new contracts, at fixed rates only for the United-Kingdom, at all rates for France and euro area. The average fees are obtained by calculating the difference between the annual percentage rate of charge (APRC) and the narrowly defined effective rate (NDER) on new personal loans to households and NPISH. The market shares of the different types of distributor network are calculated using the outstanding amount of revolving credit to individuals.